# UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (NC EXEMPTIONS)

E:11: 4				( )	<b>-</b>	
Debtor 1		tion to identify Larquitta	your case: Bernette	Melton		
Decitor 1		First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2						
(Spouse,	if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
						nis is an amended plan, and the sections of the plan that
					have been	
Case nur	nber:					
( <u>If known</u> )						
				CHAPTER 13 PLAN	_	
Part 1:	Notices					
To Debto				be appropriate in some cases, but the prese		
				umstances. Plans that do not comply with		al rulings may not be
		confirmable. I	ou <u>must</u> cneck each b	ox that applies in <u>§§ 1.1, 1.2, 1.3</u> , and <u>1.4</u>	, below.	
1.1	A limit on	the amount of	f a secured claim, inc	cluding avoidance of mortgage liens, set	<b>✓</b> Included	Not Included
				n a secured claim being treated as only		
				could result in the secured creditor		
			lien or nonpossessor	nt at all. y, nonpurchase-money security interest,	Included	<b>✓</b> Not Included
<b>I</b>		Section 3.5.	nen or nonpossessor	y, nonpurchase-money security interest,	Included	W Not included
1.3	Nonstand	ard provisions	, set out in Part 9.		<b>✓</b> Included	☐ Not Included
To Credi		You should rea not have an atto can give you let above, to state if neither box in the proof of Claim creditor. Only a Trustee, or a pa 3001, 3002, and Pre-Confirma 1326(a)(1) and process. A creditor documented process of the Trustee to adequate process and the process of the	d this plan carefully a corney, you may wish to call advice. matters may be of par whether or not the plais checked or both bear. A creditor's claim will rearry in interest from find 3002.1.  tion Adequate Protection Adequate Protection and its filed will not receive proof of claim is filed with the protection payments will all such payments	s plan. Your claim may be reduced, modinal discuss it with your attorney if you have to consult one. Neither the staff of the Batticular importance to you. <u>Debtors must claim includes provisions related to each iterioxes are checked, the provision will not living an objection to a claim. See generally, ction Payments: Pre-confirmation adequate shall be disbursed by the Trustee in according confirmation adequate protection payments the Bankruptcy Court.  Tors: Unless otherwise ordered by the Court receive no disbursements from the Trustee shall be made in accordance with the Trustee shall be made in accordance with the Trustee.</u>	te an attorney in this be inkruptcy Court nor the ck one box on each in listed. If an item is to be effective, even if so of claim is timely filed firmation of a plan doe at 11 U.S.C. §§ 501 and the protection payments dance with the Trustee ents unless and until a tt, creditors not entitled the until after the Plan	ankruptcy case. If you do the Chapter 13 Trustee  line of §§ 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3, checked "Not Included," or et out later in the plan.  by, or on behalf of, the es not preclude the Debtor, 502, and Bankruptcy Rules es required by 11 U.S.C. § es customary distribution timely, properly
The	"current m	onthly income'	of the Debtor, calcul	icable Commitment Period. (Check one. ated pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 101(10A) and Debtor's applicable commitment period is	d then multiplied by 12	2, is:
				e Debtor's applicable commitment period		
₩ D	ELOW II	ie applicable sta	ate median income; th	e Debtor's applicable commitment period	is 36 months.	

#### Case 19-02954-5-DMW Doc 2 Filed 06/27/19 Entered 06/27/19 16:00:22 Page 2 of 8

Debt	Larquitta Bernette Melton Case number
: :	rojected Disposable Income and "Liquidation Test."  ne projected disposable income of the Debtor, as referred to in 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(1)(B), is §
1.6	efinitions: See attached Appendix.
	Plan Payments and Length of Plan  the Debtor shall make regular payments to the Trustee as follows:  271.00 per Month for 60 months  Insert additional line(s), if needed.)
(	egular payments to the Trustee will be made from future income in the following manner:  Theck all that apply.)  Debtor will make payments pursuant to a payroll deduction order.  Debtor will make payments directly to the Trustee.
	dditional payments. (Check one.)  None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 2.3 need not be completed or reproduced.
2.4	he total amount of estimated payments to the Trustee is \$ <u>16,260.00</u> .
	Treatment of Secured Claims esidential Mortgage Claim(s) – When Residence to be Retained (Surrender addressed in § 3.6). (Check one.)
	None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.1 need not be completed or reproduced.  Scured Claims Other Than Residential Mortgage Claims – To be Paid Directly by Debtor.  Check one.)  None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.2 need not be completed or reproduced.
3.3	Cram-Down'' Claims - Request for Valuation of Collateral and Modification of Undersecured Claims. (Check one.)  None. If "None" is checked, the rest of § 3.3 need not be completed or reproduced.
	remainder of this §3.3 will be effective only if there is a check in the box "Included" in Part 1, §1.1, of this plan, above.  Request for Valuation of Collateral and Modification of Undersecured Claims for Real Estate may not be accomplished in this

Such Request for Valuation of Collateral and Modification of Undersecured Claims for Real Estate may not be accomplished in this distraction the absence of the filing and proper service of a motion and notice of motion specifically seeking such relief and giving the affected creditor the opportunity to objection the motion and request a hearing. Note that a separate motion must be brought if the collateral is real estate, but not if the collateral is personal property.

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 506(a) and Local Rule 3012-1, the Debtor requests that the Court determine the value of the collateral securing each of the claims listed below. For each non-governmental secured claim listed below, the Debtor proposes to treat each claim as secured in the amount set out in the chart column headed "Est. Amt. of Secured Claim." For secured claims of governmental units, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the value of a secured claim listed in a proof of claim filed in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules controls over any contrary amount listed below. The value determined will be amortized and paid over the life of the Debtor's plan to satisfy the secured portion of the claim. The portion of any allowed claim that exceeds the amount of the secured claim will be treated as an unsecured claim under Part 7 of this plan. If the amount of a creditor's secured claim is listed below as having no value, the creditor's allowed claim will be treated in its entirety as an unsecured claim under Part 7 of this plan. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the amount of the creditor's total claim listed on the proof of claim controls over any contrary amounts listed in this paragraph.

Creditor Name	Amount of Creditor's Total Claim	Collateral	Value of Collateral	Amt. of Claims Senior to Creditor's Claim*	Est. Amt. of Secured Claim	AP Payment [See E.D.N.C. LBR 3070- 1(c)]	Int (%)	Equal Mo. Pmt. To Creditor (See Part 1, Notices to Creditors)
Nicholas Financial	\$8,435.00	2012 Hyundai Elantra GLS Sedan 4dr 116,001 miles VIN#:	\$6,275.00	\$0.00	\$6,275.00	\$63.00	7.50%	\$125.74

## Case 19-02954-5-DMW Doc 2 Filed 06/27/19 Entered 06/27/19 16:00:22 Page 3 of 8

Debtor	<u>_</u> L	.arquitta Bernette	Melton			Case	number			
Credit	or Name	Amount of Creditor's Total Claim	Collateral		ue oi ateral	Amt. of Claims Senior to reditor's Claim*	Est. Amt. of Secured Claim	AP Payment [See E.D.N.C. LBR 3070- 1(c)]	Int (%) Pa	ual Mo. Pmt. To Creditor (See rt 1, Notices Creditors)
			KMHDH4AE3CU 469166 Discovery Insurance					I(t)j		Creditors
nsert aa	lditional c	laims, as needed.	Policy #: 2466							
3.4 Sec	None. The secclaims: acquire interest through stated of	If "None" is checked cured claims listed be (a) incurred within a d for the personal us in any other thing on the chapter 13 plan on a proof of claim fi	Valuation of Collater II, the rest of § 3.4 need elow are not subject to 910 days before the peace of the Debtor, or (b) f value; and (c) any of disbursements, with it led before the filing detimely filed proof of	d not be o valuation do incurre ther secuniterest a leadline	completed ion under 11 late and secued within 1 yured claim tat the rate stunder Bank	or reproduced. U.S.C. § 506(a) ured by a purcha year of the petiti he Debtor propo- ated below. Unl ruptcy Rule 300	a). These claims incomes money security ion date and secure oses to pay in full. dess otherwise orde 02(c) controls over	clude, but are interest in a ed by a purch These claims ared by the C	e not limited motor vehice hase money so so will be paid court, the cla	ele security I in full, im amount
Cred	litor Name	Collatera	l Value of Collatera		Amount of Claim	AP Payment [See E.D.N.C. LBR 3070- 1(c)]	Current Mo. Payment	Int (%)	Est. Mo. Pmt. Disbursed by Trustee	Equal Mo. Pmt.
Kimbre Furnitu		Furniture	\$1,00	00.00	\$1,060.00		\$21.24	7.50%	\$21.24	\$21.24
nsert aa	lditional c	claims, as needed.								
₩ Part 4: ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Treatmeral Tre	nent of Fees and Prate atment: Unless other	l, the rest of § 3.6 need	rt 9, No	onstandard	Plan Provision				
			e governed by statute							
1.3 Del	None, l	because I filed my o	ck one, below, as apprase without the assistone" is checked, the r	tance o	f an attorn			ı		
					[OR]					
<b>✓</b>	the Pla  Ex  att  rea  mo  for	In (and check one of acept to the extent the corney, the Debtor's asonably necessary to this after this case of the first \$2016-1(a)(1) are total amount of co	the following, as approximate a higher amount is a attorney has agreed to or represent the Debtor was filed. The amount of the Administrative empensation requested to of \$\frac{5,295.00}{2}\$	ropriate) allowed accept r before t of com e Guide.	by the Courthe "standarthe Court the pensation re	rt upon timely and base fee," as a rough the earlied equested does not only of which \$	application, or a low described in Local er of confirmation ot exceed the allow	ver amount i Rule 2016-1 of the Debto vable "standa	(a)(2), for some or the control of t	ervices ne first 12 as set
					[OR]					
	pr	ovided in Local Rule	intends to apply or ha e 2016-1(a)(7). The att I prior to filing. The D	torney e	estimates tha	t the total amou	int of compensation	n that will be	e sought is \$	, of
					EDMC	T 1D 11/	2 4 (7/10)		D 2 C	0

#### Case 19-02954-5-DMW Doc 2 Filed 06/27/19 Entered 06/27/19 16:00:22 Page 4 of 8

Debtor <b>Larqui</b>	tta Bernette Melton			Case numb	per		
	<b>Obligations.</b> (Check all the rest of §		be completed or r	eproduced. +1			
All other a	ims. (Check one.) None" is checked, the rest allowed claims that are ent ents under, and over the li or the Court orders otherw	itled to priorit fe of the chap	ty, listed below, sh	all be paid in full		t	
	editor Name			im for:			aim Amt.
North Carolina Dep		laxe	es and certain of	ner debts	4	41.16	
Insert additional cla	<i>ums, as necessary.</i> at TOTAL unsecured prio:	ity claims ea	nal·		\$4	41.16	
Part 5: Executory Co 5.1 (Check one.)	ontracts and Unexpired L	Leases					
None. If "Nor	ne" is checked, the rest of I	Part 5 need no	ot be completed or	reproduced.			
Debtor will m "Arrearage" a estimate, and <i>Allowed claim</i>	contracts and unexpired leake post-petition payments mount through Trustee disunless the Court orders other arising from the rejection of this plan, unless otherwise.	s directly to ear bursements underwise, this a an of executory	elow will be assum ach creditor accord nder the plan over mount shall be deto y contracts or unex	ing to the terms of the "Term of Curermined by the armined by the	of the underlyin re" indicated. The mount stated on	g contract, and ne "Arrearage" the creditor's p	will cure the amount is an proof of claim.
Lessor/Creditor Name	Subject of Lease/Contract	Assumed or Rejected?	Pre-petition Arrears to be Cured (if any)	Total Arrears	Term of Cure (#of mos.)	Current Mo. Pmt.	Contract or Lease Ends (mm/yyyy)
Progressive	LIFAC	Demilesa	SO 00	SO 00	()	1 × 100 00	1 06/2020

Insert additional leases or contracts, as needed.

#### Part 6: Co-Debtor and Other Specially Classified Unsecured Claims

**6.1** (Check one.)

Leasing

**✓ None.** If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 6 need not be completed or reproduced.

#### Part 7: Unsecured Non-priority Claims

7.1 General Treatment. After confirmation of a plan, holders of allowed, non-priority unsecured claims that are not specially classified in § 6.1, above, will receive a *pro rata* distribution with other holders of allowed, nonpriority unsecured claims to the extent funds are available after payment to the holders of allowed secured, arrearage, unsecured priority, administrative, specially classified unsecured claims, and the Trustee's fees. Holders of allowed, non-priority unsecured claims may not receive any distribution until all claims of higher payment priority under the Bankruptcy Code have first been paid in full.

#### Part 8: Miscellaneous Provisions

- **8.1 Non-Disclosure of Personal Information:** Pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 76-66 and other applicable state and federal laws, the Debtor objects to the disclosure of any personal information by any party, including without limitation, all creditors listed in the schedules filed in this case.
- **8.2 Lien Retention:** Holders of allowed secured claims shall retain the liens securing their secured claims to the extent provided by 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a)(5).
- 8.3 Retention of Consumer Rights Causes of Action: Confirmation of this plan shall constitute a finding that the Debtor does not waive, release, or discharge, but rather retains and reserves, for the benefit of the Debtor and the chapter 13 estate, any and all pre-petition and post-petition claims the Debtor could or might assert against any party or entity arising under or otherwise related to any state or federal consumer statute, or under state or federal common law, including, but not limited to, claims related to fraud, misrepresentation, breach of contract, unfair and deceptive acts and practices, Retail Installment Sales Act violations, Truth in Lending violations, Home Equity Protection Act violations, Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act violations, Fair Debt Collection Practices Act violations, Fair Credit Reporting Act violations, Equal Credit Opportunity Act violations, Fair Credit Billing Act violations, Consumer Lending Act violations, Federal Garnishment Act violations, Electronic Funds Transfer Act violations, and any and all violations arising out of rights or claims provided for under Title 11 of the United

De	Debtor Larquitta Bernette Melton	Case number
	States Code, by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or by the Local Rule Carolina.	s of the Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of North
8.4	4 Vesting of Property of the Bankruptcy Estate: (Check one.) Property of the estate will vest in the Debtor upon:  □ plan confirmation.  ☑ discharge □ other:	
8.5	Possession and Use of Property of the Bankruptcy Estate: Except as otherwise of the estate vests in the Debtor, property not surrendered or delivered to the Trus shall remain in the possession and control of the Debtor, and the Trustee shall hav or its retention or use by the Debtor. The Debtor's use of property remains subject the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules, and Local Rules.	tee (such as payments made to the Trustee under the Plan) ve no liability arising out of, from, or related to such property
8.6	6 Creditor Notices When Debtor to Make Direct Payments: Subject to Local Rucontracts that will be paid directly by the Debtor may, but are not required to, sen automatic stay.	
8.7	Rights of the Debtor and Trustee to Avoid Liens and Recover Transfers: Cor or Debtor may have to bring actions to avoid liens, or to avoid and recover transfer	
8.8	8 Rights of the Debtor and Trustee to Object to Claims: Confirmation of the pla object to any claim.	n shall not prejudice the right of the Debtor or Trustee to
8.9	<b>9 Discharge:</b> Subject to the requirements, conditions, and limitations set forth in 11 Waiver of Discharge executed by the Debtor, the Court shall, as soon as practical plan, grant the Debtor a discharge of all debts that are provided for by the plan or	le after completion by the Debtor of all payments under the
Par	art 9: Nonstandard Plan Provisions	
9.1	1 Check "None" or List Nonstandard Plan Provisions.	
	None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 9 need not be complet	ed or reproduced.
The	he remainder of this Part 9 will be effective <u>only</u> if there is a check in the box "Inc	luded" in Part 1, § 1.3, of this plan, above.
	nder Bankruptcy Rule 3015(c), nonstandard plan provisions <u>must</u> be set forth below. this E.D.N.C. Local Form or deviating from it. <b>Nonstandard provisions set out else</b>	

The following are the nonstandard provisions of this plan:

Notwithstanding language in Section 1.5 to the contrary, as of 1/16/19, the filing of E.D.N.C Local Form 113B (Liquidation Worksheet & Plan Summary) is no longer required.

Executory Contracts: The Debtor(s) hereby exercise(s) the statutory right under 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(7) to provide for the assumption or rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases by inclusion in this Chapter 13 Plan, as specifically set forth in Section 5.1, as opposed to by motion, notwithstanding the language to the contrary set forth in Section 5.1, which language purports to require the filing of a motion.

Pre-petition arrearage: Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the amount of pre-petition arrearage set forth on a proof of claim filed before the filing deadline under Bankruptcy Rule 3002(c) shall control over any contrary amount listed in section 3.1 or 3.2 of this plan.

Claim Objection Pending: Confirmation of the plan shall be without prejudice to the right of the Trustee and/or Debtor(s) to object to any claims. Any claims for which an objection is pending may not receive distributions from the Trustee until resolution of such objection. If the resolution of such objection alters the liquidation analysis, the necessary term of the plan, or the amount necessary for the monthly plan to be feasible, the Debtor(s), the Trustee, or the holder of an allowed unsecured claim shall not be precluded from seeking a modification of the plan pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1329, as if such resolution of the claim objection had been obtained prior to confirmation.

Irregular Income: For purposes of 11 U.S.C. §1329, regular changes in the income of the Debtor(s), receipt of commissions,

### Case 19-02954-5-DMW Doc 2 Filed 06/27/19 Entered 06/27/19 16:00:22 Page 6 of 8

Debtor	Larquitta Bernette Melton	Case number					
	tax refunds and/or bonuses, or commencement of new employment shall not be considered anticipated. This is, however, without admission of whether or not such amounts or changes are substantial or otherwise reasonably necessary for the Debtor(s).						
plan to be f		e filed after confirmation alters the amount necessary for the monthly the Chapter 13 plan payments to accommodate payment of such as no creditors are adversely affected.					
treated as a	Cram-Down 2nd Liens: If a creditor provided for as secured in Section 3.3 files an unsecured claim, the claim shall be treated as an unsecured claim and the lien shall be deemed satisfied and extinguished upon discharge pursuant to Fed. R. Bank. P. 5009(d).						
trade not sp	Non-Purchase Money Security Interests: Valid Non-Purchase Money Security Interests in household goods and/or tools of trade not specifically provided for in Section 3.3, but for which a secured claim is filed will be valued at \$300.00 each as if set forth and included in Section 3.3.						
	n in the plan. Such shall be without prejud	red shall be treated as such regardless of contrary treatment or lice to the Debtor(s) subsequently objecting to the treatment of such					
set forth an	d included in Section 3.3. All references to subject to the filing of a valid Proof of Claim	hold goods and/or tools of trade will be valued at at \$300 each as if payment amounts in this document represent average estimated possible objections thereto, and the Chapter 13 Trustee's customary					
Insert lines, as	•						
No additional plan provisions may follow this line or precede Part 10: Signature(s), which follows;  Appendix – Definitions, referenced in § 1.6, above, is attached after Signature(s).							
Part 10: Sig	natures						
10.1 Signat	ures of Debtor(s) and Debtor(s)' Attorney						
	If the Debtor(s) do not have an attorney, the Debtor(s) must sign below, otherwise the Debtor(s) signatures are optional. The attorney for Debtor(s), if any, must sign below.						
X /s/ Larg	uitta Bernette Melton	X					
	ta Bernette Melton e of Debtor 1	Signature of Debtor 2					
Executed	I on	Executed on					
	d filing this document, the Debtor(s) certify that ined in E.D.N.C. Local Form 113, other than an	the wording and order of the provisions in this Chapter 13 plan are identical y nonstandard provisions included in Part 9.					
X /s/ R. Le	ee Roland for LOJTO	Date <b>June 27, 2019</b>					
	Roland for LOJTO 41930	MM/DD/YYYY					
Signatur	e of Attorney for Debtor(s)						

If this document is also signed and filed by an Attorney for Debtor(s), the Attorney also certifies, that the wording and order of the provisions in this Chapter 13 plan are identical to those contained in E.D.N.C. Local Form 113, other than any nonstandard provisions included in Part 9.

Debtor Larquitta Bernette Melton Case number
--

#### **APPENDIX: Definitions.**

The amount the Debtor proposes to pay per month as pre-confirmation "adequate protection" payments in			
accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 1326(a)(1)(C) and Local Rule 3070-1(c).			
The Administrative Guide to Practice and Procedure, a supplement to the Local Rules, which facilitates			
changes in practice and procedure before the Court without the necessity for revision to the Local Rules. The			
Administrative Guide may be found at the following Internet URL:			
http://www.nceb.uscourts.gov/sites/nceb/files/AdminGuide.pdf. As used herein, the term refers to The			
Administrative Guide in effect as of the date of the filing of the debtor's petition.			
The mandated length of a Debtor's plan. Debtors whose annual median income is above the applicable state			
median income, must propose 60-month plans, and below median income debtors are not required to propose			
a repayment plan longer than 36 months. Either may propose a shorter plan only if the plan will repay 100%			
of all allowed claims in full in less than the "applicable commitment period." Below median income debtors			
may propose a plan longer than 36 months, but not longer than 60 months, if the Court finds cause to allow a			
plan longer than 36 months. See § 1.4, above.			
The total monetary amount necessary to cure all pre-petition defaults.			
The Debtor intends to avoid the lien of a creditor in accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 506(d) and <u>In re Kidd</u> , 161			
B.R. 769 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1993).			
The Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.			
The estimated amount of the creditor's claim against the Debtor. Absent a sustained objection to claim, the			
total amount listed by a creditor as being owed on its timely filed proof of claim shall control over any			
amount listed by the Debtor in this plan.			
Description of the real property or personal property securing each secured creditors' claim.			
The regular monthly mortgage payment that is to be made by the Trustee when a mortgage claim is proposed			
or required to be paid through the plan disbursements. (See Local Rule 3070-2). The number of monthly			
"conduit" payments to be made by the Trustee will be equal to the number of monthly payments proposed			
under the plan.			
The United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina.			
The Debtor intends that the amount to be paid in satisfaction of a secured claim be determined by determining			
the "value" of the secured creditor's "collateral," or what the "collateral" is worth, under 11 U.S.C. §506(a)			
[which the Debtor asserts is the amount shown in § 3.3, under the chart column headed, "Value of			
Collateral"], and amortizing and paying such "value" at the interest rate proposed in the chart column headed,			
"Int. (%)," over the life of the Debtor's plan. Any remainder of the creditor's total "claim amount" is allowed			
and treated as an unsecured claim. See §§ 1.1, 3.3, and 7.1.			
TTT 4 4 TS 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1			
Whether the Debtor intends to pay the amount in "arrears" on any claim. With respect to a mortgage claim			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respec			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2.			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence are subject to the provisions of Local Rule 3070-2.			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence are subject to the provisions of Local Rule 3070-2.  The Local Rules of Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if the case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence are subject to the provisions of Local Rule 3070-2.  The Local Rules of Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, which may be found at the following Internet URL:			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence are subject to the provisions of Local Rule 3070-2.  The Local Rules of Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, which may be found at the following Internet URL: http://www.nceb.uscourts.gov/sites/nceb/files/local-rules.pdf.			
secured by the Debtor's principal residence, if the Debtor proposes a cure through mortgage loan modification, such intention is indicated in § 3.1. Otherwise, mortgage "arrears" will be cured through the chapter 13 plan disbursements unless the Debtor indicates a different method to cure under § 3.1. With respect to other secured claims being paid directly by the debtor or an unexpired lease or executory contract that the Debtor proposes to assume, if the debtor intends to cure "arrears," these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter 13 plan unless the Debtor indicates otherwise in § 3.2. With respect to "arrears" owed on a Domestic Support Obligation [defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(14A) and addressed in § 4.4, below], these "arrears" will be cured through the Trustee's disbursements under and by the end of the confirmed plan.  The individual or the married couple who filed this bankruptcy case, whose name or names are found at the top of the first page of this chapter 13 plan. The term "Debtor" as used in this plan includes both debtors if this case was filed by a married couple.  The Debtor proposes to make all post-petition payments on the obligation directly, after the timely filing of a claim by or for the creditor. Disbursements to creditors secured by a lien on the Debtor's principal residence are subject to the provisions of Local Rule 3070-2.  The Local Rules of Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, which may be found at the following Internet URL:			

## Case 19-02954-5-DMW Doc 2 Filed 06/27/19 Entered 06/27/19 16:00:22 Page 8 of 8

Debtor	Larquitta Bernette Melton	Case number	

"Monthly Payment" or "Mo. Pmt."	If paid through the Trustee's disbursements under a confirmed chapter
	13 plan, the estimated amount of the monthly payment proposed to be
	made to the creditor. If used in reference to a Current Monthly Payment,
	the current monthly installment payment due from the Debtor to the
	creditor under the contract between the parties, including escrow
	amount, if any. If used with reference to an obligation that the Debtor
	proposes to pay directly to a creditor, the amount the Debtor shall
	continue paying each month pursuant to the contract between the Debtor
	and the creditor.
"Other"	The Debtor intends to make alternative or additional provisions
	regarding the proposed treatment of a claim, including the
	intention of the Debtor to pursue a mortgage modification.
"Other Secured Claims"	Any claim owed by the Debtor that is secured by property other than the
	Debtor's principal residence.
"\$" or "\$\$"	This symbol refers to the numbered Section or Sections (if two are used)
	of the plan indicated next to the symbol or symbols; the Section
	numbers are found to the left of the part of the plan to which they
	refer.
"Surrender" or "Surr."	The Debtor intends to surrender the "Collateral" to the secured
	creditor(s) upon confirmation of the plan. Surrender of residential
	real property is addressed in § 3.1, and surrender of other
	"Collateral" is addressed in § 3.6.
"Trustee"	The chapter 13 standing trustee appointed by the Court to administer the
	Debtor's case.
"Value"	What the Debtor asserts is the market value of a secured creditor's
	"collateral," as determined under 11 U.S.C. § 506(a), and,
	therefore, the principal amount that must be amortized at the
	interest rate proposed and paid in full over the life of the
	Debtor's plan to satisfy in full the secured portion of a creditor's
	claim, consistent with the requirements of 11 U.S.C.
	§§1325(a)(5) and 1328.